Abstract

Extending the Campbell-Hausdorff multiplication

Anselm Eggert

In the Lie Theory of groups and semigroups, one sometimes needs an analytic extension of the locally defined Campbell-Hausdorff multiplication onto much larger domains (cf. e.g. [2]). The following Theorem generalizes an old result by Dixmer [1] significantly. Its proof, which uses a method different from that of Dixmer, will appear in [3].

Theorem. Let \mathfrak{g} be a finite dimensional real Lie algebra and \mathfrak{j} an ideal of \mathfrak{g} . Assume that for $x \in \mathfrak{j}$ the mapping $\operatorname{ad} x | \mathfrak{j}$ does not have an eigenvalue contained in $2\pi i \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$. Then there is an open ball V around 0 in \mathfrak{g} and an analytic extension $\circ : (\mathfrak{j} + V) \times (\mathfrak{j} + V) \to \mathfrak{g}$ of the CAMPBELL-HAUSDORFF-multiplication.

References

- [1] Dixmier, J., L'application exponentielle dans les groupes de Lie résolubles, Bull. Soc. Math. France 85 (1957), 113–121.
- [2] Eggert, A., "Über Liesche Semialgebren", Mitteilungen aus dem Mathematischen Seminar Gießen **204** (1991), iv+91pp.
- [3] Eggert, A., Extending the Campbell-Hausdorff multiplication, Geometriae Dedicata, to appear.

Fachbereich Mathematik Technische Hochschule Darmstadt Schloßgartenstraße 7 W-6100 Darmstadt Germany e-mail: XMATag05@ddathd21.bitnet

Received March 30, 1992